Up in Smoke: Tobacco-Free Policies Eliminate Smoking on Hospital Grounds

Issue

Patients in hospital gowns, IV's attached and oxygen tanks in tow dragging on the last inch of a cigarette while standing outside the entrance to a hospital, is always an incredulous sight. It is one mind-boggling enough to make passers by gawk to see such a display of complete disregard for the rampant health hazards of tobacco use at a place where healing and wellness are supposed to be top priorities.

Unfortunately, until a few months ago this scene was not uncommon on hospital campuses throughout South Carolina. Smoking is the single greatest preventable cause of disease and death, according to the U.S. Surgeon General. In the report, *The Health Consequences of Involuntary Exposure to Tobacco Smoke*, our nation's top public health official concluded, "there is no risk-free level of exposure to secondhand smoke." Yet, secondhand smoke results in an estimated 580 to 1,030 deaths in South Carolina annually.

Intervention

In the wake of the Surgeon General's June 2006 report, The Division of Tobacco Prevention and Control at the S.C. Department of Health and Environmental Control employed various strategies to reduce secondhand smoke exposure. The Division is supported by the Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant, and the state secondhand smoke policy prevention coordinator works as a Block Grant consultant to the agency's public health regions

One key action included promoting adoption of 100 percent tobacco-free policies in hospital buildings and grounds throughout the state. Specific tactics included:

- Developing a model 100 percent tobacco-free policy for healthcare facilities to ensure a tobacco-free environment for all employees, contractors and visitors within buildings, vehicles, grounds and at all sponsored events;
- Creating and using a toolkit to help facilities successfully adopt and implement policies;
- Serving as consultants and resident experts on secondhand smoke. Staff members attended hospital board meetings, met with transitional teams and were generally "on call" to assist hospitals as they converted to 100 percent tobacco-free campuses; and
- Working with partners such as the S.C. Tobacco Collaborative and the S.C. Hospital Association to promote policy adoption;
- Producing and distributing a map to pinpoint the number and location of tobacco-free hospitals in South Carolina.

Impact

Thanks to the above efforts, many S.C. hospitals have realized the importance of adopting and enforcing 100 percent tobacco-free policies for their buildings *and* grounds to protect everyone from secondhand smoke exposure and relay a positive health message. Results include:

- Forty nine hospitals adopted a 100 percent tobacco-free policy for their campuses, completely eliminating secondhand smoke exposure for thousands of hospital employees, contractors, patients, and visitors each year;
- The S.C. Hospital Association passed a resolution encouraging all hospitals to go smokefree in buildings and on grounds by November 2007;
- More than 10 hospitals are considering strengthening policies by November 2007; and
- Cessation services and referrals are an integral component of new policy changes.

Contact: Hellen F. Dekle Secondhand Smoke Prevention Policy Consultant Division of Tobacco Prevention and Control S.C. Department of Health and Environmental Control Bureau of Community Health and Chronic Disease Prevention 1800 St. Julian Place Columbia, SC 29204 (803) 545-4463 (803) 545-4503 fax deklehe@dhec.sc.gov